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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 X **PART III**

PUBLIC FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

| REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING | 01/01/2018 _{AN} | D ENDING 12/ | /31/2018 | | |
|---|--|------------------|--|--|--|
| | MM/DD/YY | | MM/DD/YY | | |
| A. RE | GISTRANT IDENTIFICATIO |)N | | | |
| NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: TFS SE | CURITIES, INC. | | OFFICIAL USE ONLY | | |
| ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.) | |) | FIRM I.D. NO. | | |
| 437 NEWMAN SPRINGS ROA | D | | | | |
| | (No. and Street) | | | | |
| LINCROFT | NEW JERSEY | ′ 07 | 7738 | | |
| (City) | (State) | (Ziŗ | (Zip Code) | | |
| NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF I | PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGAR | D TO THIS REPO | PRT | | |
| THOMAS P. HYLAND | | (A) | (732)758-9300 (Area Code – Telephone Numbe | | |
| B. AC | COUNTANT IDENTIFICATION | ON | | | |
| INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT | whose opinion is contained in this R | .eport* | | | |
| HOLLAND & COMPANY | | • | | | |
| | (Name - if individual, state last, first, mide | ile name) | | | |
| 411 POMPTON AVENUE | CEDAR GROVE | NJ | 07009 | | |
| (Address) CHECK ONE: | (City) | (State) SEC N | lail Processing | | |
| Certified Public Accountant | | g to s | IAR U 1 Z018 | | |
| Public Accountant Accountant not resident in Un | nited States or any of its possessions. | Was | Washington, DC | | |
| | FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY | | | | |
| | | ,,,,,,, | | | |

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

| I, THOMAS P. HYLAND | , swear (or affirm) that, to the best of |
|--|---|
| my knowledge and belief the accompanying TFS SECURITIES, INC. | financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of |
| of DECEMBER 31 | , 20 18 are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that |
| neither the company nor any partner, propri- classified solely as that of a customer, excep | etor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account |
| LISA AVILIO-MEYER NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF NEW JERSEY MY COMMISSION EXPIRES JUNE 9, 2021 | Signature |
| Notary Public This report ** contains (check all applicable | n 2/28/19 |
| ✓ (a) Facing Page. ✓ (b) Statement of Financial Condition. (c) Statement of Income (Loss). (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholder (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities | Condition. ers' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital. |
| (i) Information Relating to the Possessi (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriation for Determination of the Computation for Determination of the Computation between the auditor consolidation. (l) An Oath or Affirmation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental R | Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. ion or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. iate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the he Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3. ed and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of deport. deport. dequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit. |

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

HOLLAND & COMPANY

Certified Public Accountants
411 POMPTON AVENUE
CEDAR GROVE, NEW JERSEY 07009

RICHARD K. HOLLAND, CPA/PFS WILLIAM S. LOCKWARD, CPA DANIEL R. HOLLAND, CPA (973) 857-0666 FAX (973) 857-7135

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of TFS Securities, Inc.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of TFS Securities, Inc. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2018, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2018, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We have served as TFS Securities, Inc.'s auditor since 1989.

Holland + Company

Cedar Grove, New Jersey February 28, 2019

TFS SECURITIES, INC. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2018

ASSETS

| Cash and Cash Equivalents Deposit: NASD/CRD Acct Deposit: Clearing Broker-Dealer Commission/Concessions Receivables Receivables from Representatives, (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$0.) Total Assets | \$ - \$ | 424,256 3,343 250,000 1,786,725 3,629 2,467,953 |
|--|---------------|--|
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Liabilities | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ | 28,278 |
| Employee Benefits & Payroll Taxes Payable | | 5,408 |
| Commissions Payable | | 1,741,014 |
| Accrued Expenses | | 5,570 |
| Other Liabilities | _ | 2,325 |
| Total Liabilities | _ | 1,782,595 |
| Stockholders' Equity | | |
| Common Stock - No par value | | |
| 1,000 share authorized | | |
| 804 shares issued and outstanding | | 80,400 |
| Additional Paid in Capital | | 170,000 |
| Retained Earnings | _ | 434,958 |
| Total Stockholders' Equity | _ | 685,358 |
| Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity | \$_ | 2,467,953 |

^{*}The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Note 1-Organization and Nature of Business

TFS Securities, Inc. (the Company) was incorporated under the laws of the State of New Jersey on June 29, 1987. The Company is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). The Company is a closely held corporation, operates with several hundred representatives mostly located throughout the State of New Jersey, New York and Pennsylvania. The Company is engaged in a single line of business as a securities broker-dealer, which comprises several classes of services, including principal transactions, agency transactions, investment banking, and investment advisory. The Company is a Non-carrying broker-dealer; the Company does not clear customer transactions, carry customer accounts, or hold custody of customer cash or securities. Customers are located in states in which the Company is registered. The broker-dealer's primary source of revenue is providing brokerage services to customers, who are predominately small and middle-market businesses and middle and high-income individuals.

Note 2-Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The Company prepares its financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"), which require the use of the accrual method of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as highly liquid investments, consists of cash and money market fund investments with an original maturity of three months or less when acquired.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company maintains its cash balances at financial institutions, which may at times exceed amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). At December 31, 2018, the Company had cash deposits totaling \$174,256 in excess of amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The Company has not experienced any losses in their cash accounts and believes it is not subject to any significant credit risk on cash.

Deposit – Clearing Broker-Dealer

The Company maintains a deposit account amounting to \$250,000 with its clearing broker-dealer (Pershing LLC) (agent) pursuant to a Clearing Agent Agreement. The Deposit: Clearing Broker-Dealer account has been included as an allowable asset in the calculation of the Company's net capital.

Note 2-Significant Accounting Policies-continued

Commissions/Concessions Receivable

The Company has commission/concession receivables related to commissions earned from the sale of investment and insurance products with Broker Dealers and clearing organizations, including mutual funds, insurance companies and others. The receivables primarily composed of amounts due to the Company for asset-based fees and fees for the commissions earned on sales of investment vehicles, not from transactions directly with their clients. TFS may reserve for uncollectible accounts based on the aging analysis and estimated collectability of those receivables. No reserve was recorded at December 31, 2018 based on the collection of all receivables within 60 days.

Receivables from Representatives

The Company has receivables from Representative related to either fees due to the Company for fees paid by the Company for the representatives or Commissions paid to the Representatives that were incorrect and the Representatives have agreed to pay back to the Company. Uncollectible receivables from representatives are charged to operations during the period they are determined to be uncollectible. The Company collected \$ 3,356 in previously written off receivables during 2018. It is management's policy to review the outstanding receivables from representatives and write-off any uncollectible accounts as they arise, which is not materially different from an allowance method. The Receivables from Representatives account has been included as a non-allowable asset in the calculation of the Company's net capital.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred and additions and expenditures that increase asset values and extend useful lives are capitalized. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

The Company evaluates long-lived assets held and used by the Company for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized if the sum of the expected undiscounted future cash flows from the use and disposition of the asset is less than its carrying amount. Generally, the amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and the estimated fair value of the asset. The Company did not record an impairment loss during the year ended December 31, 2018.

Commissions Payable

The Company has commissions payables related to commissions earned from the sale of investment and insurance products with Broker Dealers and clearing organizations, including mutual funds, insurance companies and others to the investment representatives that are under contract with the Company.

Transactions

The Company buys and sells securities for customers by introducing transactions for execution, clearance, and settlement to another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis.

In the normal course of its securities brokerage business, the Company's customer activities involve the execution, settlement, and financing by the clearing broker-dealer of various customer securities transactions. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance

Note 2-Significant Accounting Policies-continued

Transactions-continued

sheet risk in the event the customer is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations and the Company has to purchase or sell the financial instrument underlying the contract at a loss. The Company's policy is ordinarily not to execute security transactions unless the customer is able to fulfill its contracted obligations.

Advertising Costs

Advertising and direct marketing costs are expensed as incurred and totaled \$4,800 for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Income Taxes

The Company has elected by consent of its shareholders to be taxed under the provisions of subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, no provisions or liability for Federal income taxes is reflected in the accompanying statements. Instead, the shareholders are liable for individual Federal income taxes on their respective share of the Company's taxable income.

At December 31, 2018, management has determined that the Company had no uncertain tax positions that would require financial statement recognition. This determination will be subject to ongoing reevaluation as facts and circumstances may require.

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and the States of New Jersey, New York and North Carolina. The Company's federal income tax returns for tax years 2015 and beyond remain subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service. The Company's New Jersey tax years 2014 and beyond remain subject to examination by the NJ Division of Taxation. The Company's New York and North Carolina tax years 2014 and beyond remain subject to examination by their tax authorities.

The Company did not have unrecognized tax benefits as of December 31, 2018 and does not expect this to change significantly over the next twelve months as a result of its S-election status.

Statement of Cash Flows:

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the company has defined cash equivalents as highly liquid investments, with original maturities of less than three months that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events occurring after the balance sheet date through February 28, 2019, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued. Based on this evaluation, the Company has determined that no subsequent events have occurred, which require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements, excepted as noted in note 7 to the financial statements.

Note 3- Recent accounting pronouncements

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted ASU 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers." This ASU requires an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. The Company applied the five-step method detailed in this ASU total revenue streams. The implementation of this ASU did not have a material impact on the measurement or recognition of revenues from prior periods. See Note 2 – Significant Accounting Policies and Note 4 – Revenue Recognition, for additional accounting policy information and the additional disclosures.

On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted ASU 2016-18, "Statement of Cash Flows: Restricted Cash." This ASU is intended to reduce diversity in practice by adding or clarifying guidance on classification and presentation of changes in restricted cash on the statement of cash flows. The amendments in this ASU required that a statement of cash flows include the change during the period in the total of cash, cash equivalents, and amounts generally described as restricted cash or restricted cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents – restricted is included as a component of cash and cash equivalents on the Company's statement of cash flows for the period presented.

Note 4-Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Significant Judgements

Revenue from contracts with customers includes revenues from the sale of investment Company (commission income), commissions from sales of shares (commission income) and investment management and advisory fees. The recognition and measurement of revenue is based on the assessment of individual contract terms. Significant judgement is required to determine whether performance obligations are satisfied at a point in time or over time; how to allocate transaction prices where multiple obligations are identified; when to recognize revenue based on the appropriate measure of Company's progress under the contract; and whether constraints on variable consideration should be applied due to uncertain future events.

Commissions

Revenues from Sale of Investment Company shares. The Company enters into arrangements with managed accounts or other pooled investment vehicles (funds) to distribute shares to investors. The Company may receive revenues paid by the fund, over time, upon the investor's exit from the fund or as a combination thereof. The Company believes that its performance obligation is the sale of securities to investors and as such this is fulfilled on the trade day. Any fixes amounts are recognized on the trade date and variable amounts are recognized to the extent it is probable that a significant revenue reversal will not occur once the uncertainty is resolved. For variable amounts, as the uncertainty is dependent on the value of the shares at the future points in time as well as the length of time the investor remains in the fund, both of which are highly susceptible to factors outside the Company's influence, the Company does not believe that it can overcome this constraint until the market value of the fund and the investor activities are known, which is usually monthly or quarterly. These revenues recognized in the current period are primarily related to performance obligations that have been satisfied in prior periods.

Note 4-Revenue from Contracts with Customers-continued

Commissions from sales of shares. The company buys and sells securities on behalf of its customers (Customer Securities transactions are executed and cleared by an independent clearing broker on a fully disclosed basis). Each time a customer enters into a buy or sell transaction, the Company chares a commission. Commissions and related clearing expenses are recorded on the trade date basis. The Company believes that the performance obligation is satisfied on the trade date because that is when the underlying financial instrument or purchaser is identified, the pricing is agreed upon and the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to/from the customer.

Asset management fees

Fees for account supervision, Investment advisory and administrative Services. The Company provides investment advisory services on a daily basis. The Company believes the performance obligation for providing advisory services is satisfied over time because the customer is receiving and consuming the benefits as they are provided by the Company. Fee arrangements are based on a percentage applied to the customer's assets under management. Fees are received quarterly and are recognized as revenue at the time as they related specifically to the services provided in that period, which are distinct from the services provided in other periods. The Company receives service and distribution fees "12b-l" from various mutual funds in which the Company's clients have invested. Distribution fees arrangements are based on a percentage applied to the customer's assets under management. Fees are received quarterly and are recognized as revenue at the time as they related specifically to the services provided in that period, which are distinct from the services provided in other periods.

Disaggregated Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The following table presents revenue by major source.

Revenue from contracts with customers:

| Commissions | |
|--|------------------|
| Revenues from Sale of Investment Company shares | \$ 7,155,077 |
| Commissions from sales of shares | 1,142,704 |
| Total Commissions Revenue | 8,297,781 |
| Asset Management Fees | |
| Account supervision, Investment advisory and administrative Services | 18,381,375 |
| Total Revenue from contracts with customers | \$ 26,679,156 |

Note 5-Reconciliation of Statement of Financial Condition to Statement of Cash Flows

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash reported within the statement of financial position that sum to the total of the same such amounts shown in the statement of cash flows.

| | | Beginning | | |
|---|------|-----------|----|-------------|
| | | of year | _ | End of year |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 599,300 | \$ | 424,256 |
| Restricted cash | | | | |
| Deposit: NASD/CRD Acct | | 3,103 | | 3,343 |
| Deposit: Clearing Broker-Dealer | _ | 50,000 | | 250,000 |
| Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash | \$ _ | 652,403 | \$ | 677,599 |

Note 6-Related party transactions and commitment

The Company maintains an expense-sharing agreement with a corporation that is owned by its shareholders under which the Company is required to reimburse the related party for its allocable share of expenses. For the year ended December 31, 2018, the related corporation allocated \$360,000 of expenses to the Company. Amounts allocated by related corporation and charged to the Company have been classified in the accompanying statement of income based on their natural classification, including rent.

As a result of the expense-sharing agreement with the related party, a payable to the related party is booked on the first of each month, and paid to the related party in the same month. As of December 31, 2018, there was \$0 due to the related party for the expense-sharing agreement.

The Company also pays the same corporation through common ownership a management fee. The management fee totaled \$2,123,045 for the year ended December 31, 2018. These management fees represented two sets of payments to the related entity. The first set of payments are for marketing and marketing overhead costs that the related entity pays for. The amount paid to the related entity for these costs totaled \$1,103,0415 for 2018. These amounts are determined as a percentage of certain registered representative's commissions earned and paid after each commission payment cycle throughout the year to the related entity. The second element of the management fees paid to the same related entity during the year ended December 31, 2018 totaled \$1,020,000. These payments are for expenses incurred by the related entity for management overhead costs, which can vary from month to month and year to year. The amount charged to the Company is determined by and at the discretion of the related entity. At December 31, 2018 the related entity was due \$ 0 for the management fees at December 31, 2018.

Note 6-Pension Plan

The Company has established a SIMPLE IRA retirement plan for its employees. An employee is eligible to participate in any calendar year if he or she received at least \$5,000 of compensation during each of the two preceding calendar years. The Plan must permit each eligible employee to elect to have the employer make payments to the SIMPLE IRA account. An employee may terminate participation in the SIMPLE IRA plan at any time during the calendar year.

The Company must match the elective contribution of the employee in an amount not exceeding 3% of the employee's compensation. The Company's matching 3% expense for 2018 was \$14,251.

Note 7-Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

In the normal course of business, the Company may be named as a defendant in various lawsuits and may be involved in certain investigations and proceedings. Some of these matters may involve claims of substantial amounts. Management evaluates each contingent matter separately. Management establishes reserves for these contingencies at its "best estimate", or, if no one number within the range of possible reserve at the low end of the range of losses. Subsequent to year end and filing its focus report, the Company was named a defendant in an arbitration seeking reimbursement of losses in a client account. Management, after consultation with legal counsel, believes that the resolution of the arbitration lawsuit will not result in any material adverse effect on the Company's financial position.

Note 7-Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty.

Note 8-Financial Instruments

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The financial instruments of the Company are reported in the statement of financial condition at fair values, or at carrying amounts that approximate fair values because of the short maturity of the instruments.

Financial Instruments with Off-Balance-Sheet Risk

In the normal course of business, the Company's customer activities involve the execution, settlement, and financing of various customer securities transactions. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance-sheet risk in the event the customer or other broker is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations and the Company has to purchase or sell the financial instrument underlying the contract at a loss.

The Company maintains deposits at banks in excess of federally insured limits. The Company has a policy of monitoring, as considered necessary, the creditworthiness of the banks.

Note 9-Guarantees

FASB ASC 460, Guarantees, requires the Company to disclose information about its obligations under certain guarantee arrangements. FASB ASC460 defines guarantees as contracts and indemnification agreements that contingently require a guarantor to make payments to the guaranteed party based on changes in an underlying related to an asset, liability or equity security of a guaranteed party. This guidance also defines guarantees as contracts that contingently require the guarantor to make payments to the guaranteed party based on another entity's failure to perform under an agreement as well as indirect guarantees of the indebtedness of others.

Derivative Contracts

The Company has not entered into any derivative contracts that meet the accounting definition of a guarantee under FASB ASC 460.

Note 10-*Net Capital Requirements*

The Company is subjected to the Securities and Exchange Commission "Uniform Net Capital Rule" (Rule 15C3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed a ratio of 15 to 1.

At December 31, 2018, the Company had net capital of \$576,279, which was \$457,439 in excess of its required net capital of \$118,840. The Company's net capital ratio was 3.09 to 1 at December 31, 2018.

Note 11-Regulatory Matters

The Company operates in a highly regulated industry. Applicable laws and regulations, among other matters, restrict permissible activities and investments and require compliance with various financial and customer-related protections. The consequences of noncompliance can include substantial monetary and non-monetary sanctions. In addition, the Company is subject to comprehensive examination and supervision by various governmental and self-regulatory agencies. These regulatory agencies generally have broad discretion to impose restrictions and limitations on the operations of the regulated entity where the agencies determine, among other matters, that such operations are unsafe or unsound, fail to comply with applicable law or are otherwise inconsistent with the laws and regulations or with the supervisory policies of these agencies.